

# **VIOLENCE AT WORK POLICY**

CPP-07 Version 2

# **SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to set out our policy and procedures to prevent, manage and respond to work-related violence. The Company will not tolerate any instances of work-related violence, including verbal abuse, to our staff. No member of staff will be blamed for an instance of work-related violence caused by a customer or member of the public. All employees have the right to be treated with consideration, dignity and respect. This policy applies to all staff working on our premises, including door supervisors, contractors and delivery personnel.

## **DEFINITION OF WORK RELATED VIOLENCE**

The Company defines work-related violence as any incident in which an employee is abused, threatened or assaulted by a member of the public in circumstances arising out of the course of his/her employment. This is based on the Health and Safety Executive's definition.

# **RESPONSIBILITIES**

All Managers have a responsibility to implement this policy and to make sure their staff are aware of it and understand it. Managers should also:

- Treat any reports of work-related violence, threats or abuse seriously and respond to them promptly;
- Record details of the incident where appropriate and give all employees involved in the incident full support during the whole process;
- Respond and consider seriously any suggestions made by staff about how to improve violence prevention and management, and give feedback to staff about their suggestions, including whether it will be taken forward and if not, why not;
- Set a positive example by reporting all incidents of violence and abuse and not tolerating abusive behaviour from customers and members of the public. Make sure you also offer good customer service and follow specific policies;
- Respond to and, where possible, resolve incidents, ideally before they escalate;
- Monitor incidences of violence and abuse and initiate appropriate action if more measures are needed;
- Review and amend this policy and the risk assessment as necessary;
- Where possible, direct staff to appropriate support and advice after an incident has occurred:

- Encourage other staff members to support their colleagues, including those that might have witnessed the incident;
- If victims are particularly traumatised by the event, provide support where possible, such as time off work or changes to their tasks;
- If an investigation is needed, work with the police and offer any assistance needed to help in their enquiries;
- Managers have a responsibility to act in a way that does not incite or increase the likelihood of violence; and
- Any manager found to be encouraging or inciting violence or not resolving potentially violent or abusive situations may be subject to disciplinary action.

All Employees have personal responsibility for their own behaviour and for ensuring that they comply with this policy. There are a number of things that staff can do to help prevent work-related violence:

- Be aware of the company's policy and comply with it, including specific policies on aspects such as the sale of alcohol or excluding customers;
- Offer good customer service and be aware of customer needs;
- Recognise the potential for work-related violence and take action to resolve it early on;
- Staff should take positive action and, for example, contact a manager if they think a customer or member of the public might cause problems;
- Don't accept instances of work-related violence directed towards you or others. Staff should report any instances of violence, threats or abuse, including any details about when it happened, who was involved and any relevant circumstances that may have contributed to the incident;
- Serious incidents should be reported in the incident book kept in the manager's office but minor incidents and incidents of verbal abuse should be reported to managers as they occur;
- Be supportive of colleagues who are victims or witnessed work-related violence. Suggest additional measures to managers which might help to prevent and manage work-related violence;
- Staff have a responsibility to act in a way that does not incite or increase the likelihood of violence;
- Any staff member found to be encouraging or inciting violence may be subject to disciplinary action;

## **RISK ASSESSEMENT**

The risk assessments for work-related violence are kept within Client files which are managed and controlled by the Contract Manager for the Company.

The risk assessments were conducted by the senior manager and are reviewed every year, unless an increase in the number of incidents suggests the assessment should be reviewed more frequently. The risks were assessed by talking to staff, reviewing the incident book and considering the work environment and job design. If anyone believe a risk factor has not been covered by the assessment or have ideas on further prevention measures, they should discuss these with their manager. The contents of the risk assessment will be communicated to all employees and appropriate training will be given.

# PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURES

There are a number of measures in place following the risk assessment that staff should be aware of. These fall under the areas of work environment, working practices and training.

#### **Work Environment**

All working environments maintain adequate facilities to ensure the continued welfare of staff on site. Some sites maintain CCTV systems which help to reduce risk to our staff and these are operated by officers who have received additional training on this equipment. Additionally, the SIA operates an additional level of licensing for the use of CCTV in public spaces.

#### **Working Practices**

Adequate training is provided as part of the SIA licensing programme to reduce and manage Violence at Work risks. Nothing is immediately likely to increase said risk (for example, we do not deal with cash-in-transit, or sites which hold cash or other highly sought goods/materials). Individual site risk assessments address and site specific risks involved (for example, working in a shopping centre environment).

#### **Training**

The following training is provided:

All employees, including new staff, receive awareness training on work-related violence, our policy and procedures, how to prevent work-related violence, reporting procedures and what to do following an incident. This is conducted through formal training as part of the Security Industry Authority license training course.

Additional Site Induction training is provided to highlight any site specific risks (for example a shopping centre versus private industrial estate)

Managers will be trained as above, as well as on how to handle complaints and trouble among customers effectively.

# SPECIFIC AND RELEVANT POLICIES

There are other company policies that are relevant to the prevention and management of work-related violence. These include:

- Risk Assessment Documents & Guidance
- Health & Safety Policy
- Employee Handbook
- Training Policy

# **ACTIONS FOLLOWING AN INCIDENT**

If a staff member is being abused, threatened or attacked, they should approach their manager or a colleague for help and assistance. Managers should respond to the situation by talking to the perpetrator, explaining that their behaviour is not acceptable. They should try to resolve the problem and, if that is not possible, escalate the issue appropriately.

Medical assistance should be provided immediately where required. The police should be informed of a serious incident involving physical attack or serious cases of threatening or verbal abuse. Police should also be informed of persistent cases of violence, threats and abuse.

CCTV discs (where available) of incidents should be kept in case the police need them. All incidents should be recorded in the incident book and less serious incidents reported to managers.

Staff members will be encouraged to provide support to any victims or witnesses of violence, threats or abuse through appropriate training, and managers should provide support, including, where needed, allowing time off work for individuals to recover.

# **REVIEW DATES**

This policy should be reviewed yearly when all other policies are reviewed, or if regular or serious incidents arise that suggest it needs to be revisited.

**REPORTING** 

Employees have a responsibility to report incidents of work-related violence, including threats

and verbal abuse, to managers. All incidents, including physical attacks, serious or persistent

threats and verbal abuse, must be recorded in the incident book in the manager's office. This

asks for details of when the incident occurred, who was involved, descriptions of the

perpetrator and any relevant circumstances that may have contributed to the incident.

Any incidents resulting in major injury to staff or that cause staff to be off work should be

reported according the Health & Safety Policy. Any incident which results in a member of the

public being taken directly to hospital from the premises must also be reported accordingly.

Less serious incidents should still be reported to managers as they occur and managers

should make a note of these. If managers notice an increase in reports, several reports within

a short period or reports about the same perpetrator, managers should record the details, ask

staff for more information and take action. The action may include contacting the police or

other local businesses about a persistent offender, reviewing the risk assessment and

considering further prevention measures, or increased vigilance by managers or staff to

prevent a more serious incident occurring.

This Policy was Last Reviewed on 12th March 2024

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